# This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations and is not a part of the Official Record

# **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

# IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning documents will not correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



EP 0 685 014 B1

(12)

### **EUROPEAN PATENT SPECIFICATION**

- (45) Date of publication and mention of the grant of the patent: 21.06.1997 Bulletin 1997/21
- (86) International application number:

(51) Int CI.+ D06Q 1/14, B32B 5/08

- (21) Application number: 94906990.0
- PCT//E94/00008

(22) Date of filling: 22.02.1994

(87) International publication number. WO 94/19530 (01.09.1994 Gazette 1994/20)

(54) A LAMINATED ARTICLE VERBUNDKÖRPER

STRATIFIE

- (84) Designated Contracting States:
- AT BE CHIDE DK ES FRIGB GRIETTLILU MC NL PT SE
- (30) Priority: 22.02.1993 IE 930122
- (43) Date of publication of application: 05.12.1995 Bulletin 1995/49
- (73) Proprietor, Hiweld Limited Kinsale, County Cork (IE)
- (72) Inventors: KAY, Christopher County Cork (IE)

- . LION, Jean, Plerre F-63000 Lavel (FR)
- (74) Representative: O'Brien, John Augustine et al Cruickshank & Co. 1 Holles Street Dublin 2 (IE)
- (55) References cited: FR-A- 2 500 004 GB-A- 2 245 220

**GB-A-2 010 123** 

US-A- 5 059 452

US-A- 4 652 478

Note: Within nine months from the publication of the mention of the grant of the European patent, any person may give notice to the European Patent Office of opposition to the European patent granted. Notice of opposition shall be filled in a written reasoned statement. It shall not be deemed to have been filled until the opposition fee has been paid. (Art. 99(1) European Patent Convention).

#### Description

The Invention relates to leminated articles and in particular to an appliqué for applying to fabric garments and other textile substrates.

GB-A-2,010,123 describes a lining material, particularly for the interior lining of motor vehicle roots and accessories. The root lining material comprises a PVC calendered sheet, a layer of achesive applied to an upper surface of the calendered sheet and fibres which may be flocked onto the adhesive.

US-A-5,059,452 describes a flocked polyurethane tabric, wherein the possibility of selectively applying fibers of dissimilar colors to achieve consistency in color on flocked tabric is disclosed.

FR-A-2659094 describes an appliqué comprising an adhesive polyvinylchloride material laminated onto a paper backing sheet which is then fully flocked in a single colour flock material. The sheet and flock is then cut up into individual badges or motifs for application by high frequency welding to a textile substrate.

It is further known that the flock fibres may be screen printed, in the case of a multicoloured article, with desired colours to form a required bedge or motif.

There are a number of problems with such conventional appliquos. The main difficulty is the processing difficulty involved in screen printing a desired image onto the flock material. Different coloured inks are required which must be applied in a number of different stages and the badge thus formed must be cured at high tempenalure. Conventionally, the flock fibres are of rayon viscoso (1.7 DTEX) 0.5mm flock which is adepted to recoive the necessary screen printing ink. The abrasion resistance of the badge thus formed is often not satisfactory. Further, the colours in the bedge are often not - 36 sufficiently stable in repeated machine washing of the garment to which the badge is applied. In addition, the fibres have a relatively rough feel and consequently often detrect from the feel of the garment to which they are applied. The applied print has a still mounting handie on the fabric which also detracts from the product.

This invention is directed towards providing an applique which will overcome at least some of these difficulties.

According to the invention there is provided an apgrique comprising:-

a base layer of plastics shoot material;

an adheave applied to one side of the base layer; 50 and

a layer of flocked fibres on the achesive;

characterised in that said layer of flocked fibres is
a layer of predyed flock fibres which are flocked
onto the adhesive through a screen having openings for
the flock fibres corresponding to at least portion of a de-

sired motif or pattern.

In one embodiment of the invention the flock fibres are of synthetic fibre, preferably polyamide fibre, most proferably of polyamide fibres (3.3 DTEX) 1mm. These fibres give a partially plush finish. In a preferred embodiment of the invention at least two and possibly several different coloured flock fibres are flocked onto the achesive. Preferably flock fibres of different colours are applied in sequential flocking steps. For ease of processing preferably the fibres are flocked onto the adhesive in a desired motif or pattern through separate screens.

In a particularly preferred embodiment of the invention the appliqué includes a support layer on which the base layer is supported. This assists in achieving dimensional stability. For ease of removal, preferably the base layer is peelably attached to the support layer. In a preferred embodiment of the invention the support layer is of stiff paper material or similarly adapted substrate.

In a preferred arrangement the adhesive is applied to the base layer only in the region to which the flock fibres are to be flocked. Preferably the achesive is applied to the base layer through a screen.

The flock receiving adhesive is selected to be compatible with both the flock fibres and the base material. Typically the adhesive is compatible with the polyamide fibres and polyvinytchloride film material.

Typically the base layer is of polyvinylchloride film material which is suitable for fixing to a fabric by high frequency welding.

The invention also provides a method of forming an applique carrying a motif or badge to be applied to a fabric comprising the steps of:-

applying an adhosive to a base layer of pleatics shoet meterial; and

flocking predyed flock fibres of one colour onto the achesive through a screen having openings for the flock fibres corresponding to at least portion of a desired modif or pattern.

Preferably there are at local two different coloured flock flores and the method includes flocking flock fibres of at least several colour flock fibres onto the adhesive in a desired sequence to form a desired coloured motif.

Preferably the adhesive is applied to the base layer only in the region to which the fibres are to be flocked. Typically the adhesive is applied to the base layer through a screen.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention the flock flores are applied to the adhesive through a screen.

Typically there are at least two different coloured flock fibres which are applied to the adhesive in sequential flocking steps. Most preferably the coloured flock fibres are flocked onto the achiesive through separate screens.

Preferably the method includes the step prior to applying the achesive, of providing a support layer for the

thermoplastic base layer.

a evisethe ent notheval ent to membodine and ni cured after application of the flock fibres.

The Invention further provides a method of applying an appliqué according to the invention to a fabric support comprising the step of:-

removing the support layer. If present, and welding the appliqué to the fabric support by high frequency welding.

In a preferred anangement the method further includes the step, prior to wolding, of interposing a layer of foam or the like material between the base layer of the appliqué and the fabric support.

The invention will be more clearly understood from the following description thereof given by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawings. in which:-

Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic cross sectional view of an appliqué according to the invention;

Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic cross sectional view illustrating the application of the article of Fig. 1; and

Figs. 3a to 3f are achiematic drawings of various steps used in the method of the invention.

#### Example

To form an appliqué in accordance with the invention a high treauency weldable phastics such as polyvinylchlondeshed or film having a thickness of bett 0.15mm and 0.30 mm forming a hase layer is applied onto a support layer, proforably by a flow process in which the PVC in a liquid form is applied to the support leyer. The support wyer in the protorted arrangement is of a stiff paper material which allows the plastics film to be basily peoled off the support layer after processing. Furthermore, the application of the PVC omo a support layer facilitates the subsequent processing of the product whilst maintaining the dimensional stability of the PVC when subjected in healths.

A layer of permanent adhesive is applied to the upper aids of the base layer of polyvinylchloride film theterial. The adheeve is applied through a scroon only to the area of the base layer on which a desired motif or badge is required. The adhesive is compatible with both polyamide tibres and PVC.

Polyamide fibres of (3.3, DTEX) 1mm are flocked onto the adhesive using conventional flocking techniques. The fibres are flocked onto the achievive to produce a desired motif or badge on the polyvinylchloride base film. In the case of a multicoloured motif or badge the fibres are flocked onto the adhesive in a desired sequance using separate screens for each colour. The appliqué thus formed is then treated traically at 160°C for approximately three minutes to come me adhesive and to ensure permenent adhesion of the flock fibres to the

base polyvinylchloride achesive.

The sheet of flocked film material thus formed has a plurality of appliqué badges or motifs spaced-apart therealong. This sheet is then cut up into individual appliqués which may be applied to textiles or other substrates, after removal of the backing paper using conventional high frequency welding techniques. If an additional three dimensional effect is required a layer of polyurathane foam may be interposed between the PVC film and the tabric to which the applique is to be attached. Referring to the drawings and initially to Fig. 1. there is illustrated an applique according to the invention and indicated generally by the reference numeral 1. The appliqué 1 comprises a support layer 2 of paper material coated with a release agent. A PVC base layer 3, which is typically 0.15 to 0.3 mm thick is applied, for example in a liquid form, onto the paper support sheet 2. An adheave 4 which is competible with the PVO sheet and with polygoride flock libras 5 is then applied onto the PVC sheet/3 through a screen 20. The achasive is a plactical polyvinyl chloride based achesive, made up of 8 PVC resin, with an appropriate plasticizer bland, and corresponding agents and stabilizer,

The polyemide flock flores to are typically 1 mm (3.3 -DTEX) and are electrostatically flocked in one or more colours, in sequence, onto the pattern of the adhesive 4. The libres are flocked onto the adhosive using a screen to achieve a desired motif or badge, In the case: of a multicoloured badge or motif the fibros are applied sequentially through different acroons for each colour fibre. In the particular case illustrated there are two different coloured flock fibros identified as 5(a) and 5(b) which are flocked in sequence and in register with one another through separate acroons 21, 22 respectively.

After flocking in shoot form and heat curing, each sheet is cut up into individual appliques.

Fleterring to Fig. 2 to apply an appliqué produced as described above, the paper base layer 2 is pepled off and the PVC sheet 3 is placed directly onto a textile fabric 10. The PVC is welded to the fabric by conventional high frequency welding techniques using a metal die 13. Alternatively, a layer 12 of PVC foam material may be sandwiched between the textile substrate 10 and the PVC sheet 3 to achieve a three dimensional ef-

After welding with the metal die 13, the excess parts of the PVC sheet are removed by peeling leaving the desired appliqué welded to the textile substrate 10.

The appliqué according to the invention is readily formed and applied and has improved colour fastness and stability after repeated machine washings of the parment to which it is applied. Further, the appliqué has superior tactile properties to conventional appliqués.

The use of polyamide fibres pre-dyed by conventional techniques gives the substantial advantages mentioned above. In addition, the fibres have improved light factness, wet and dry rubbing fastness and improyed abrasion resistance. The use of these fibres rep-

885 014 B1

resents in particular a substantial improvement over fi-

bres which are screen printed after application. As a consequence of these advantages the appli-

qués of the invention may be used in high specification applications such as in the motor vehicle industry. Conthe base majorisi, preferably the achesive is compatible with both polyamide fibres and polyvi-

for world for the second contract of the second sec

nylchloride film meterial.

б

resents in particular a substantial improvement over ilbres which are screen printed after application.

As a consequence of these adventages the appliques of the invention may be used in high specification applications such as in the motor vehicle industry. Conventional appliqués have not heretofore been used in such industries because of the disadvantages of conventional products and processes.

The invention is not limited to the embodiments hereimbefore described which may be varied in both 10 construction and detail.

#### Cleims

1. An appliqué comprising :-

a base layer of plastics sheet material;

an adhesive applied to one side of the base lay-

and a layer of flocked fibres on the adhesive;

- characterised in that eaid layer of flocked fibres is a layer of prodyed flock fibres which are flocked onto the achosive through a scroon having oponings for the flock fibres corresponding to at least a portion of a desired motif or pattern.
- An appliqué as claimed in claim 1 wherein at least two different coloured flock fibres are flocked ento the adheave.
- An appliqué as claimed in claim 2 wherein flock fibres of different colour are applied in sequential flocking steps.
- An appliqué as claimed in claim 2 or 3 wherein the fibres are flocked onto the achesive in a desired motif or pattern through separate screens.
- An appliqué as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the flock fibres are of synthetic fibre material, preferably of polyamide fibre, preferably (3.3 DTEX) 1mm.
- An applique as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the adhesive is applied to the base layer only in the region to which the flock libres are to be 50 flocked.
- An appliqué as claimed in claim 6 wherein the adhesive is applied to the base layer through a screen.
- 8. An appliqué as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the flock receiving adhesive is an achesive which is compatible with both the flock flores and

the base material, preferably the adhesive is compatible with both polyamide fibres and polyvinylchloride film material.

- 9. An applique as claimed in any preceding resim wherein the base layer is of polyvinylchlorida film
  - 10. An appliqué as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the applique includes a support layer on which the base layer is supported.
  - An appliqué as claimed in claim 10 wherein the base layer is peelably attached to the support layer, preferably the support layer is of still paper material.
  - 12. A method of forming an appliqué carrying a mottl or badge to be applied to a fabric comprising the staps of :-

applying an achosive to a base layor of plastics sheet material; and

flocking predyed flock fibres onto the adhesive through a ecreen having openings for the flock fibres corresponding to at least portion of a desired motif or pattern.

- 13. A method es claimed in claim 12 wherein the are at least two different coloured flock fibres and the method includes flocking socond colour flock fibres onto the adhesive to form a desired coloured motif.
- 14. A method as claimed in claim 12 or 13 wherein the adherive is applied to the base layer only in the region to which the fibres are to be flocked.
- A method as claimed in claim 14 wherein the edhesive is applied to the base layer through a screen.
- 48 18. A method as claimed in any of claims 12 to 15 wherein there are at least two different coloured flock flores which are applied to the adhesive in sequential flocking steps.
- 5 17. A method as claimed in claim 16 wherein the coloured flock fibres are flocked onto the adhesive through separate screens.
- 18. A method as claimed in any of claims 12 to 17 including the step, prior to applying the adhesive, of providing a support layer for the plastics base layer.
  - 19. A method as claimed in any of claims 12 to 18 including the step of curing the schooling after application of the flock fibres.
  - A method of applying an applique as claimed in any or claims 1 to 11 to a fabric support comprising the

15

4

Æ

rictolie ist.

step of :-

removing the support layer, if present, and welding the appliqué to the labric support by high frequency welding.

21. A method as claimed in claim 20 including the step, prior to welding, of interposing a layer of form or the like material between the base layer of the appliqué and the fabric support.

#### Patentameprüche

- 1. Applikation umlassend: eine Grundschicht aus Kunetstoffolienmeterial, sinen auf eine Seite der Grundschicht aufgetragenen Klebstoff und eine Schicht aufgeflockter Fasem auf dem Klebstoff, dedurch gekennzeichnet, daß genennte Schicht aufgollockter Fasem eine Schicht vorgelärbter Flockfewern ist, mit denen der Klabstoff durch ein Sieb 20 mit Öffnungen für die Flockfasem, die mindestens einem Abschnitt eines gewünschten Motivs oder Musters entsprechen, beflockt wird.
- 2. Applikation nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Klebstoff 25 mit mindestone zwoi verschiedenen farbigen Flockfasern beflockt wird.
- 3. Applikation nach Anspruch 2, wobsi Flockfassem unterschlodlicher Farbe in sequentiellen Boflok- 🥫 kungeschritten aufgotragen werden.
- 4. Applikation nuch Anspruch 2 oder 3, wobel der Klabstoff durch getrannte Siebe in einem gewilnschlan Motly oder Mustor mit den Fasom beflockt wird,
- 5. Applikation nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche, wobei die Flocklassm aus Kunstlassmaterial, vorzugsweise aus Polyemidiaser, vorzugsweise (9.3 DTEX) 1 mm, sind.
- 8. Applikation nach einem der vorangehanden Ansprüche, wobei der Klobstoff nur in dem Bereich auf die Grundschicht aufgetragen wird, der mit den Flockfesem zu beflocken ist.
- 7. Applikation nach Anspruch 6, wobel der Klebstoff durch ein Sieb auf die Grundschicht aufgetragen wird.
- 8. Applikation nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche, wobei der das Bellockmaterial aufnehmende Klebstoff ein Klebstoff ist, der sowohl mit den Flockfasem als auch mit dem Grundmeterial 55 verträglich ist; vorzugewejse ist der Klebstoff sowohl mit Polyamidfasem als auch mit Polyvinylchloridfolienmaterial verträglich.

 Application mach einem der vorangehanden Ansprüche, wobei die Grundschicht aus Polyvinylchio-

10. Applikation nach einem der vorangehenden Ansprüche, wobsi die Applikation eine Trägerschicht autweist, auf der die Grundschicht aufliegt.

11. Applitution nach Anspruch 10, wobsi die Grundschicht abziehber an der Trägerschicht angebracht 10 ist, wobei die Tragerschicht vorzugsweise aus steltem Papiermaterial ist.

- 12. Verlahren zum Formen einer auf einem Gewebe autzubringenden, ein Motif oder Emblem tragenden Applikation umfassend die folgenden Schritte: Auftragen since Klebstoffs auf eine Grundschicht aus Kunetetoffolienmaterial und Beflocken das Klebstoffs mit vorgefärbten Flocklasern durch ein Sleb mit Öffnungen für die Flockfassem, die mindestens einem Abechnitt eines gewünschlen Motivs oder Musters entaprechen.
- 13. Verlahren nach Anspruch 12, wobel es mindestens zwoi vorschiedene farbige Flockfasem gibt und das Verfahren die Beflockung des Klebstoffs mit zweiten Farbflocklasern zum Bilden eines gewünschten farbigen Motive aufwelst.
- 14, Verfishren nach Anspruch 12 oder 13, wobei der Klobetoff nur in dem Baraich, dar mit den Fasem zu boflocken let, auf die Grundschicht aufgetragen WIND.
- 16. Verlahren nach Anepruch 14, wobel der Klebstoff durch ein Sieb auf die Grundschicht aufgetragen wid.
- 16. Verlahren nach einem der Ansprüche 12 bis 15, wobal se mindestens zwal verschiedens farbige Flockfasem gibt, die in sequentiellen Beflockungsschritten auf den Klebstoff aufgebracht werden.
- 17. Verlahren nach Anspruch 16, wobei der Klebstoff durch getrennte Siebe mit den farbigen Flocklasem beflockt wird.
- 18. Verlahren nach einem der Ansprüche 12 bis 17 alnechließlich dem Schritt, vor dem Auftragen des Kisbstoffs, des Vorsehans einer Trägerschicht für die Kunststoffgrundschicht.
- 19. Variahran nach einem der Ansprüche 12 bis 18 einschließlich dem Schritt des Aushärten des Kiebstoffs nach dem Aufbringen der Flocklasem.
- 20. Vertahren zum Anbringen einer Applikation nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 11 auf einem Gewebelrä-

9

ger, umfassend den Schritt des Entfernens der Trägerschicht, wenn vorhanden, und Aufschweißens der Applikation auf den Gewebeträger durch Schweißen mit Hochfrequenz.

 Verlahren nach Anspruch 20 einschließlich dem Schritt, vor dem Schweißen, des Zwischenlegens einer Schicht aus Schaumstoff oder dergleichen zwischen der Grundschlicht der Applikation und dem Gewebsträger.

#### Revendications

1. Appliqué comprenent.

une couche de base d'une matière plastique en feuilles;

un adhéaif appliqué sur un côté de la couche de base, et une couche de fibres floquées sur l'adhéaif;

caractérisé en ce que ladite couche de libres floquées est une couche de fibres de floc prétaintées qui sont floquées sur l'adhésif à travers un cadre qui présente des ouvertures destinées aux fibres de floc correspondant à au moins une partie d'un motif ou dessin désiré.

- Appliqué tel que revendiqué à la revendication 1, dans lequel des fibres de floc d'au moins deux couleurs différentes sont floquées sur l'achésil.
- Appliqué tel que revendiqué à la revendication 2, dans loquel les fibres de floc de coulours différentée sont appliquées dans des étapes de flocage séquentielles.
- Appliqué tel que revendiqué à la revendication 2 ou 3, dans laquel les fibres sont floquées sur l'adhésit selon un motif ou dessin désiré à travers des cadres séparés.
- 5. Appliqué tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel les fibres de floc sont en une matière de fibre synthétique, de préférence une fibre de polyamide, de prétérence de 1 mm (3,3 DTEX).
- S. Appliqué tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel l'adhésif est appliqué sur la couche de base seulement dans la région sur laquelle les fibres de floc doivent être floquées,
- Appliqué tel que revendiqué à la revendication 6, dans lequel l'adhésif est appliqué sur la couche de

10

base à travers un cadra.

- 8. Appliqué tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel l'adhésit recevant le floc est un echésit qui est compatible à la lois avec les fibres de floc et avec la matière de base, de préférence l'adhésit est compatible à la lois avec les fibres de polyamide et avec une matière de film de polyvinylchiorure.
- Applique tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans lequel la couche de base est un film de polyvinytchiarure.
- 15. Appliqué tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications précédantes, dans lequel l'appliqué comporte une couche de support sur lequel la couche de base est supportée.
- 11. Appliqué tel que revondiqué à la revendication 10, dans lequel la couche de base est fixée de manière décollable sur la couche de aupport, de préférence la couche de support set une matière de papier rigide.
  - Procédé de formation d'un appliqué portant un motif ou un badge à appliquer sur un tissu compronant les étapes:-

d'application d'un adhésil sur una couche de base d'una matièra plastique en fauilles; et

> de flocage de fibres de floc prétointées sur l'adhésit à travers un cadre qui présente des ouvertures destinées aux fibres de floc correspondant à au moins une partie d'un motif ou désain désiré.

- 13, Procédé tel que revendiqué à la revendication 12, dans lequel il existe des fibres de floc d'au moins deux couleurs différentes et le procédé comporte le flocage de fibres de floc d'une deuxième couleur sur l'adhésit pour former un motif coloré désiré.
- 45 14. Procédé tal que revendiqué à la revendication 12 ou 13, dans lequel l'adhésif est appliqué aur la couche de base uniquement dans la région sur laquelle les fibres doivent être floquées.
- 79 15. Procédé tel que revendique à la revendication 14, dans lequel l'achéelt est appliqué sur la couche de base à travers un cadre.
- 16. Procédé tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications 12 à 15, dans lequel il existe des libres de floc d'au moins deux couleurs différentes qui sont appliquées sur l'adhésif dans des étapes de flocage séquentielles.

15

30

35

45

*5*0

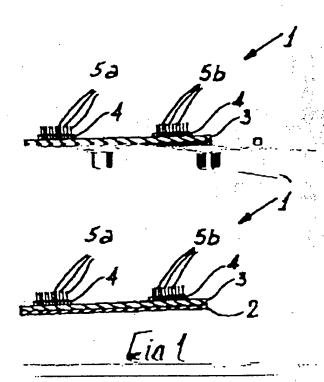
11

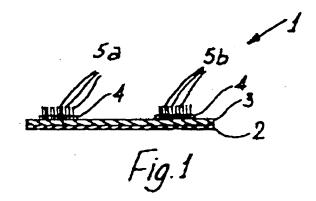
- 17. Procédé tel que revendiqué à la rev indication 16, dans lequel les fibres de floc colorées sont floquées sur l'adhésit à travers des cadres séparés.
- 18. Procédé tel que revandiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications 12 à 17, comportant l'étape, avant l'application de l'adhéeil, de loumiture d'une couche de support pour la couche de base en plastique.
- 19. Procédé tel que revendiqué dans l'une quelconque des revendications 12 à 18, comportant l'étape de cuisson de l'adhésif après l'application des fibres de
- 20. Procédé d'application d'un appliqué tel que revendique dans l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 11 sur un eupport de tiesu se composant de l'éta-

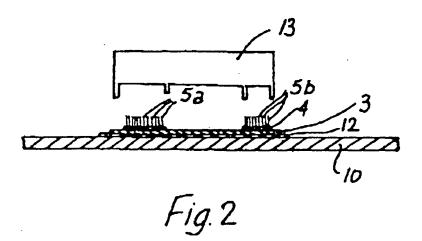
de retrait de la couche de support, si elle existe, et de soudure de l'appliqué au support de tiesu par soudage à haute fréquence.

21. Procédé tel que revendiqué à la revendication 20, comportant l'étape, avant le soudage, d'interposi- 25 tion d'une couche de mousse ou de matérieu sembiable entre la couche de base de l'appliqué et le support de tiesu.

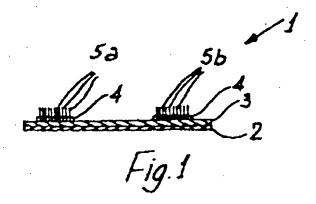
12

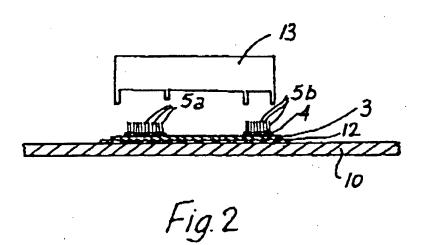




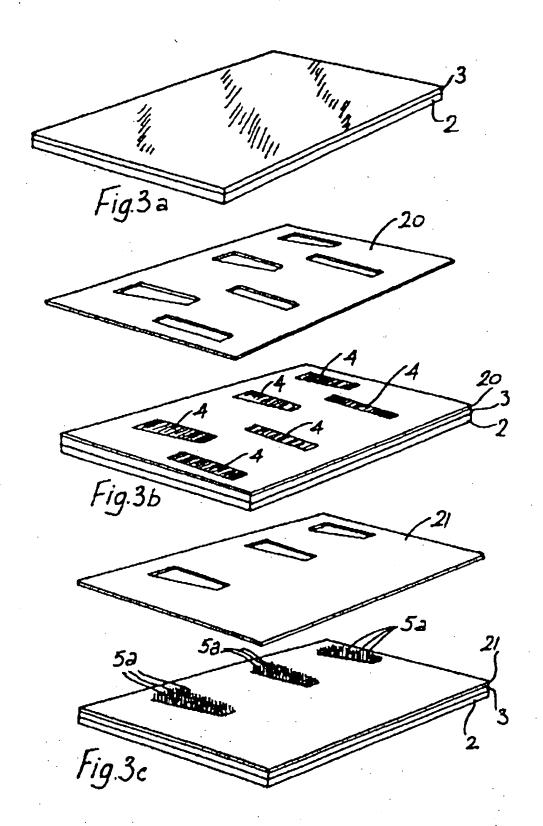


EP 0 585 014 B1





## EP 0 685 014 B1



## EP 0 685 014 B1

